

Honors Thesis

Master of Science in Sustainable Architecture

Abstract

NYAC: New York Affordable City

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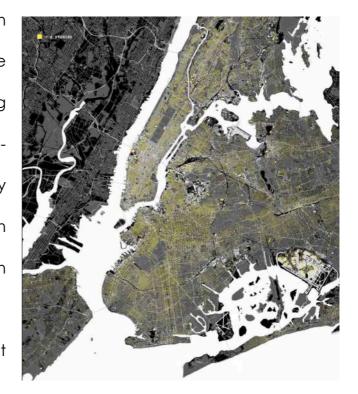
Starting from the city's goal to reach 300,000 affordable units by 2026, this thesis aims

to investigate the process that makes the city un-affordable, through a design experience based on a multi-layered reading of the urban and social fabric of the city. Tales, Multimensionality and Affordability are the three guiding concepts of this work:

- 1. The narrative of the city through popular culture has been the tool used to recognize two extremes of New York: 'Capital City' and 'Segregation City', along with their corresponding architectural translations. It is thus possible to identify a city caught between the two extremes and investigate how they are affecting the daily lives of its residents.
- 2. A critical reading of current urban policies highlights how these strategies, aimed at increasing the number of affordable housing units, in some cases incentivize

and instrumentalize the phenomenon of gentrification, and in most cases are not enough to solve the city's housing crisis. Therefore, a strategy of microdensification is proposed, supported by a possible new urban policy, which aims to reverse the lack of space within the city through a new buildable layer.

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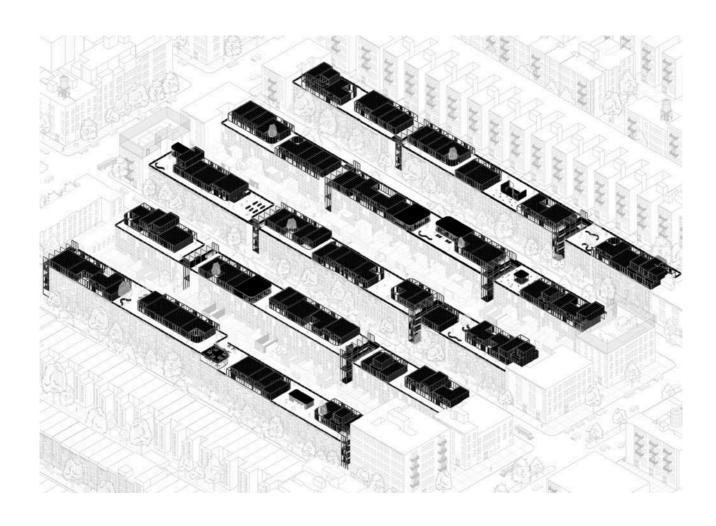


degrees, both physical and demographic, we seek a possible area to implement a pilot intervention, demonstrative of a new way to build and inhabit the city. The classification of the urban morphologies of the chosen area leads to a scientific reading of its basic urban blocks, the Brownstones.

3. The designed units offer flexible domestic spaces, creating a new urban landscape integrated with the context. Structured as elements that allow to create new points of contact between communities, their thresholds provide a smooth transition between public and domestic space. Everything works synchronously to create a new shared and inclusive habitat, while maintaining the principles of affordability and sustainability, both social and environmental.

The project is thus used as a tool for critical reading, to address central issues of today's metropolis. It proposes a prototype, as a result of a transcalar, social and architectural research of the city. Given the new urban policy, the project could be hosted, with different morphological characters, in multiple areas of New York. Could then, the radically expanded micro-densification process throughout Manhattan be sufficient to solve the affordable housing crisis and

simultaneously counteract the gentrification phenomenon?





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